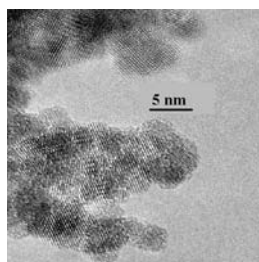


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Regular Articles

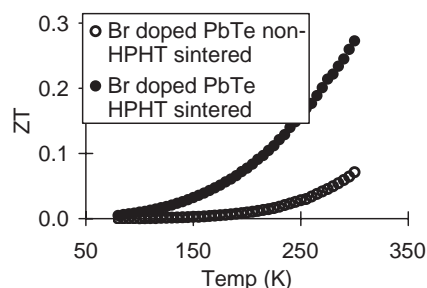
Synthesis and characterization of nanometric powders of UO_{2+x} , $(\text{Th,U})\text{O}_{2+x}$ and $(\text{La,U})\text{O}_{2+x}$
G. Rousseau, M. Fattahi, B. Grambow, L. Desgranges, F. Boucher, G. Ouvrard, N. Millot and J.C. Nièpce
Page 2591



High-resolution transmission electron microscopy (HRTEM) observation of UO_{2+x} powders obtained at a pH = 6.5.

Regular Articles—Continued

Transport properties of undoped and Br-doped PbTe sintered at high-temperature and pressure ≥ 4.0 GPa
Yongkwan Dong, Michael A. McGuire, Abds-Sami Malik and Francis J. DiSalvo
Page 2602



The effect, on thermoelectric properties, of sintering undoped and Br doped PbTe at pressures ≥ 4.0 GPa and 1045°C are reported and compared with conventionally sintered materials.

Doping induced magnetism in Co–ZnS nanoparticles
S. Sambasivam, D. Paul Joseph, J.G. Lin and C. Venkateswaran
Page 2598

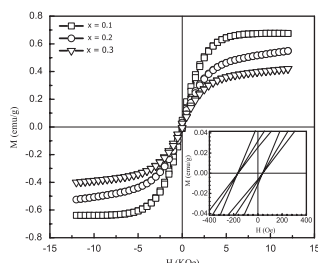
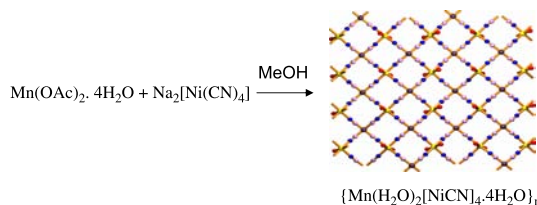


Figure shows the magnetization data of $\text{Zn}_{1-x}\text{Co}_x\text{S}$ ($0.1 \leq x \leq 0.3$) nanoparticles annealed at $573\text{ K}/2\text{ h}$ in vacuum and measured at 300 K . This interesting feature of systematic reduction in magnetization may be due to introduction of antiferromagnetic ordering with increasing 'Co' concentration which may be due to competition between the antiferromagnetic and ferromagnetic ordering within the sample. One could also observe the exchange bias effect which is an interface interaction observed in a ferromagnetic–antiferromagnetic mixture. The exchange bias field (loop shift) towards negative field was around 63 Oe for the $\text{Zn}_{1-x}\text{Co}_x\text{S}$ ($0.1 \leq x \leq 0.3$) nanoparticles.

2D water layer enclathrated between Mn(II)–Ni(CN)₄ coordination frameworks

Ambarish Ray, Indrani Bhowmick, William S. Sheldrick, Atish Dipankar Jana and Mahammed Ali
Page 2608

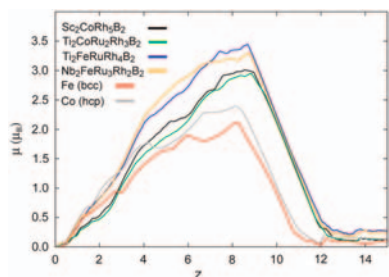


A coordination polymer, $\{\text{Mn}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2[\text{Ni}(\text{CN})_4 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}]_n\}_n$, showed that the coordination layers are stacked on top of each other sandwiching 2D ice layer of boat-shaped hexagonal water clusters.

Slater–Pauling behavior within quaternary intermetallic borides of the $Ti_3Co_5B_2$ structure-type

Jens Burghaus, Richard Dronskowski and Gordon J. Miller

Page 2613

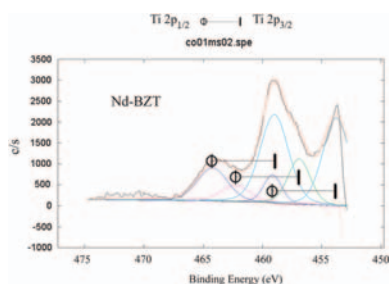


Theoretically determined (spin-polarized LMTO-GGA) local magnetic moments as a function of the chemical valence Z for various intermetallic borides.

The influence of A -site rare-earth for barium substitution on the chemical structure and ferroelectric properties of BZT thin films

C. Ostos, M.L. Martínez-Sarrión, L. Mestres, E. Delgado and P. Prieto

Page 2620



XPS narrow-scan spectra of Ti $2p$ doublets of the Nd-doped BZT films deposited on Pt-coated Si substrate.

Structural phase transitions in the relaxor ferroelectric $Pb_2Bi_4Ti_5O_{18}$

Richard J. Goff and Philip Lightfoot

Page 2626

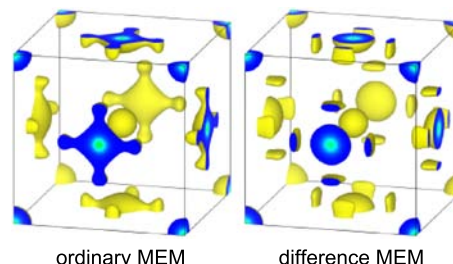


A powder neutron diffraction study suggests that the relaxor ferroelectric $Pb_2Bi_4Ti_5O_{18}$ undergoes the phase transition sequence $F2mm-14mm-14/mmm$ with increasing temperature.

Neutron powder diffraction and difference maximum entropy method analysis of protium- and deuterium-dissolved $BaSn_{0.5}In_{0.5}O_{2.75+\alpha}$

Takanori Nagasaki, Shinya Shiotani, Naoki Igawa, Masahito Yoshino, Kouta Iwasaki, Hiroshi Fukazawa and Wataru Utsumi

Page 2632

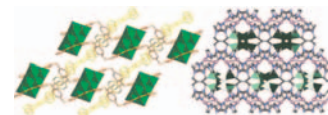


A novel method, difference maximum entropy method (MEM) analysis of the neutron diffraction data, is proposed for revealing the detailed structure around hydrogen atoms in proton-conducting oxides. This MEM analysis uses the differences between the structure factors of protium- and deuterium-dissolved crystals and improves the spatial resolution of the MEM mapping around the hydrogen atoms.

Two organic–inorganic poly(pseudo-rotaxane)-like composite solids constructed from polyoxovanadates and silver organonitrogen polymers

Yanfei Qi, Enbo Wang, Juan Li and Yangguang Li

Page 2640

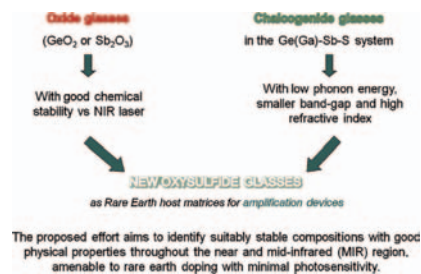


Two new examples of Ag/organonitrogen/polyoxovanadate composite solids with rare poly(pseudo-rotaxane) architectures have been synthesized and characterized.

Processing and characterization of new passive and active oxysulfide glasses in the Ge–Ga–Sb–S–O system

L. Petit, J. Abel, T. Anderson, J. Choi, V. Nazabal, V. Moizan, M. Couzi, M. Richardson, C. Maurel, T. Cardinal and K. Richardson

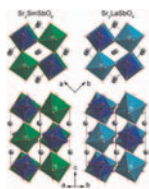
Page 2646



In this paper, we demonstrate the successful processing of active rare earth doped oxysulfide glasses by melting the chalcogenide glass with Er_2O_3 and Sb_2O_3 but also by melting the Er^{3+} doped chalcogenide glass with Sb_2O_3 . These new glasses were found to be photo-sensitive to near-IR femtosecond laser irradiation and to exhibit a surface photo-expansion after laser irradiation which remains, as expected, lower than similar response seen for oxygen-free chalcogenide glasses.

Crystal structures and high-temperature phase transitions of the new ordered double perovskites Sr₂SmSbO₆ and Sr₂LaSbO₆

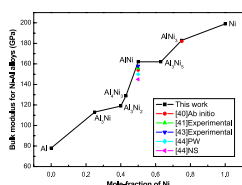
A. Faik, E. Iturbe-Zabalo, I. Urcelay and J.M. Igartua
Page 2656



Clino-graphic projections of the structures of the new ordered double perovskites (a) Sr₂SmSbO₆ and (b) Sr₂LaSbO₆, along the [001]_p and [010]_p directions, as indicated, in the upper and in the lower panels, respectively. SmO₆ octahedra are shown green, LaO₆ in cyan, SbO₆ in blue and Sr cations in gray. Sr₂LaSbO₆ is more distorted than Sr₂SmSbO₆, as can be appreciated in the upper panel in the projection of the cuboctahedral site occupied by the Sr. The angle of rotation of the octahedra around the simple perovskite cubic axis is greater in the more distorted Sr₂LaSbO₆ phase.

First-principles studies of Al–Ni intermetallic compounds

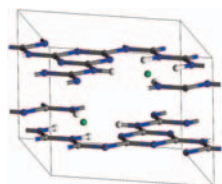
Dongmin Shi, Bin Wen, Roderick Melnik, Shan Yao and Tingju Li
Page 2664



Calculated bulk modulus compared to experimental and other theoretical values for the Al–Ni intermetallic compounds.

Graphitic carbon nitride C₆N₉H₃ · HCl: Characterisation by UV and near-IR FT Raman spectroscopy

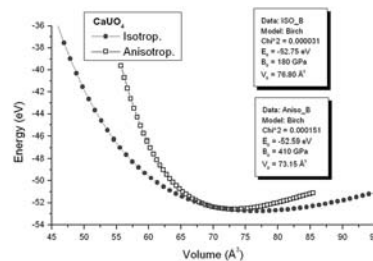
Paul F. McMillan, Victoria Lees, Eric Quirico, Gilles Montagnac, Andrea Sella, Bruno Reynard, Patrick Simon, Edward Bailey, Malek Deifallah and Furio Corà
Page 2670



The graphitic layered compound C₆N₉H₃ · HCl was prepared by reaction between melamine and cyanuric chloride under high pressure–high temperature conditions in a piston cylinder apparatus and characterised using SEM, powder X-ray diffraction, UV Raman and near-IR Fourier transform Raman spectroscopy using near-IR excitation. Theoretical calculations using density functional methods permitted evaluation of the mode of attachment of H atoms to nitrogen sites around the C₁₂N₁₂ voids within the layered structure and also led to better understanding of the X-ray diffraction pattern. Sharp peaks in the UV Raman spectra are due to C₃N₃ triazine ring units in the structure, that may be enhanced by resonance Raman effects. Broadening in the UV and near-IR FT Raman spectra indicate possible disordering within the graphitic layers or electron–phonon coupling effects.

Electronic band structure of CaUO₄ from first principles

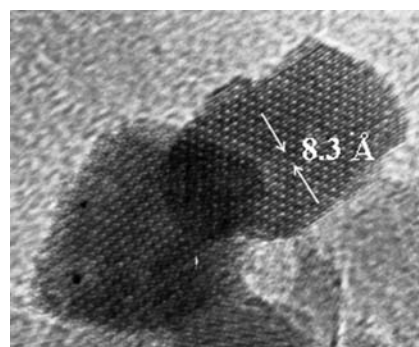
S.F. Matar and G. Demazeau
Page 2678



Energy versus volume variation for isotropic and anisotropic compressions within CaUO₄. Fit results with Birch EOS are given in inserts.

A simple solvothermal synthesis of MFe₂O₄ (M=Mn, Co and Ni) nanoparticles

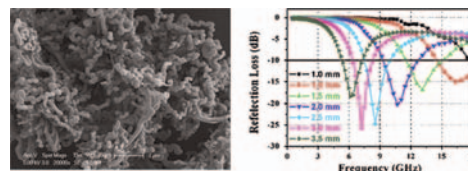
S. Yáñez-Vilar, M. Sánchez-Andújar, C. Gómez-Aguirre, J. Mira, M.A. Señaris-Rodríguez and S. Castro-García
Page 2685



An adaptation of the solvothermal method allow us to obtain stable suspensions of monodispersed particles of MFe₂O₄ (M=Mn, Co and Ni), with diameters ranging from 5 to 10 nm, and with good crystallinity.

Large-scale synthesis, characterization and microwave absorption properties of carbon nanotubes of different helicities

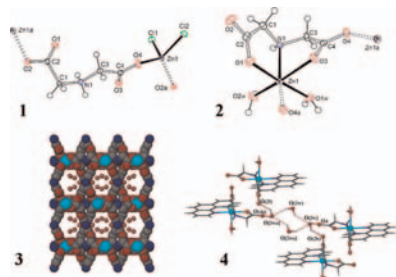
Xiaosi Qi, Yi Yang, Wei Zhong, Yu Deng, Chaktong Au and Youwei Du
Page 2691



FESEM image of Sample B and reflection loss versus frequency of Composite B (containing 30wt% of Sample B) in the range of 2–18 GHz.

pH- and mol-ratio dependent formation of zinc(II) coordination polymers with iminodiacetic acid: Synthesis, spectroscopic, crystal structure and thermal studies

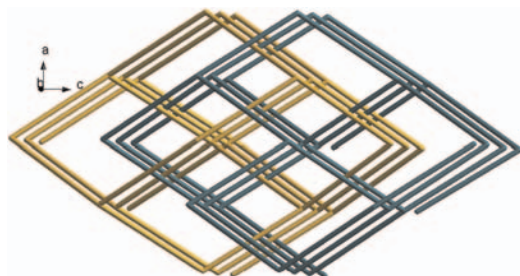
Lu-Bin Ni, Rong-Hua Zhang, Qiong-Xin Liu, Wen-Sheng Xia, Hongxin Wang and Zhao-Hui Zhou
Page 2698



Reaction of zinc salt with iminodiacetic acid afforded three new coordination polymers 1–3 and a monomer 4, which is dependent on pH value and molar ratio of the reactants.

Five novel transition metal coordination polymers with 2D/3D framework structure based on flexible H₂tzda and ancillary ligand bpe

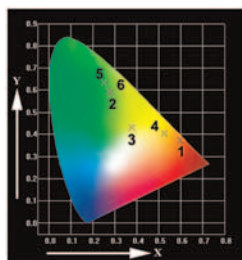
Yu-Ting Wang, Yan Xu, Yao-Ting Fan and Hong-Wei Hou
Page 2707



Five new transition metal coordination polymers based on flexible H₂tzda and bpe have been hydrothermally synthesized and characterized by X-ray diffraction, luminescent emission spectra and low-temperature magnetic measurements, respectively.

Synthesis and characterization of monodisperse spherical SiO₂@RE₂O₃ (RE = rare earth elements) and SiO₂@Gd₂O₃:Ln³⁺ (Ln = Eu, Tb, Dy, Sm, Er, Ho) particles with core-shell structure

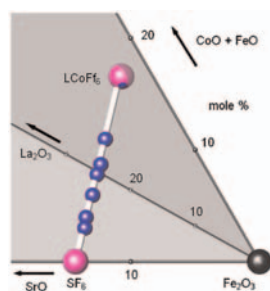
H. Wang, J. Yang, C.M. Zhang and J. Lin
Page 2716



The advantages of core-shell phosphors are the easy availability of homogeneous spherical morphology in different size, and its corresponding luminescence color can change from red, yellow to green.

Hexaferrites and phase relations in the iron-rich part of the system Sr–La–Co–Fe–O

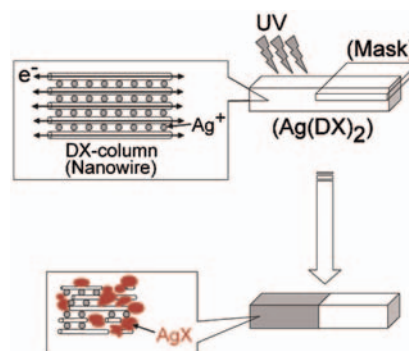
N. Langhof and M. Göbbels
Page 2725



M-type hexaferrite solid solution series Sr_{1-x}La_xFe²⁺_{x-y}Co²⁺_yFe³⁺_{12-x}O¹⁹ (0 ≤ x ≤ 1 and 0 ≤ y ≤ 0.40) at 1300 °C; M-type contains significant amounts of FeO even at 1200 °C; blue = data from electronprobe microanalyses; SF₆ = SrFe₁₂³⁺O₁₉; LCoF₆ = LaCo_{0.4}Fe_{0.6}²⁺Fe₁₁³⁺O₁₉; S = SrO; L = La₂O₃; Co = CoO; F = Fe₂O₃; f = FeO.

Photochemical modification of magnetic properties in organic low-dimensional conductors

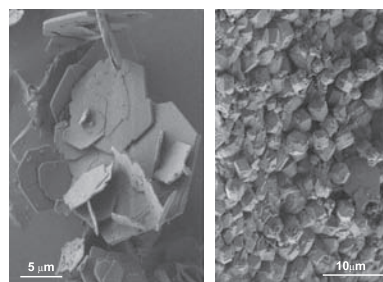
Toshio Naito, Akihiro Kakizaki, Makoto Wakeshima, Yukio Hinatsu and Tamotsu Inabe
Page 2733



By UV irradiation with appropriate masks, a part of single crystal of organic conductors irreversibly turned diamagnetic retaining their original crystalline shapes.

The hydrothermal decomposition of calcium monosulfoaluminate 14-hydrate to katoite hydrogarnet and β-anhydrite: An in-situ synchrotron X-ray diffraction study

Nicola Meller, Konstantinos Kyritsis and Christopher Hall
Page 2743

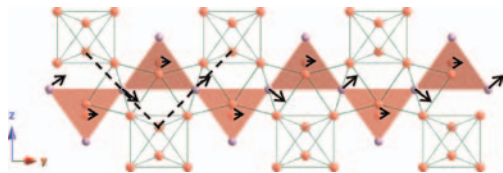


We use in-situ synchrotron diffraction to observe the decomposition of layer compound calcium monosulfoaluminate 14-hydrate (left) to form hydrogarnet (right) and β-anhydrite under hydrothermal conditions.

Displacive disorder and dielectric relaxation in the stoichiometric bismuth-containing pyrochlores, $\text{Bi}_2\text{M}^{\text{III}}\text{NbO}_7$ ($\text{M} = \text{In}$ and Sc)

Yun Liu, Ray L. Withers, Hai Binh Nguyen, Kim Elliott, Qijun Ren and Zhanghai Chen

Page 2748

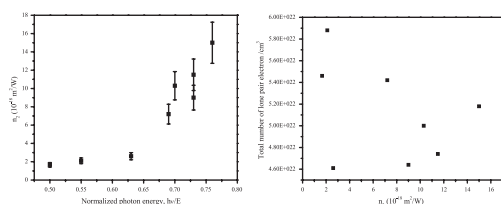


The characteristic 1-d, β -cristobalite type displacive disorder of the O/Bi_2 tetrahedral sub-structure responsible for the dipoles and glassy relaxation behaviour of the BIN and BSN, Bi-pyrochlores.

Compositional dependence of the nonlinear refractive index of new germanium-based chalcogenide glasses

L. Petit, N. Carlie, H. Chen, S. Gaylord, J. Massera, G. Boudebs, J. Hu, A. Agarwal, L. Kimerling and K. Richardson

Page 2756

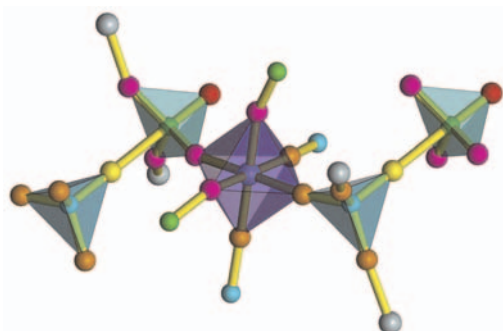


In this paper, we report results of n_2 measurements of new chalcogenide glasses in the Ge–Sb–S–Se system using a modified Z-Scan technique. n_2 is found to increase with an increase of normalized photon energy, regardless of chalcogen type, but does not depend on the concentration of lone pair electron.

Correlation between optical constants and crystal chemical parameters of ZrW_2O_8

Robert D. Shannon, Reinhard X. Fischer, Olaf Medenbach, Eric Bousquet and Philippe Ghosez

Page 2762

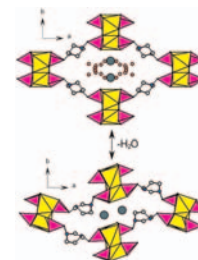


Refractive indices of ZrW_2O_8 , measured at $\lambda = 435.8$ – 643.8 nm and a one-term Sellmeier equation allow the determination of n_D ($\lambda = 589.3$ nm) of 1.8794 and a dispersion value, A , of $114 \times 10^{-16} \text{ m}^2$. The unusually large difference between the observed ZrW_2O_8 polarizability of 20.087 \AA^3 and the calculated total polarizability α_T of 17.59 \AA^3 ($\Delta = +12.4\%$) is attributed to (1) a large M – O – W angle, (2) a high degree of $W 5d$ – $\text{O}_{(\text{terminal})} 2p$ and $\text{Zr } nd$ – $\text{O } 2p$ hybridization, and (3) unusually high oxygen displacement factors, $B(\text{O})$, normalized to $B(\text{W})$.

Lanthanide N,N' -piperazine-bis(methylenephosphonates) ($\text{Ln} = \text{La}, \text{Ce}, \text{Nd}$) that display flexible frameworks, reversible hydration and cation exchange

John P.S. Mowat, John A. Groves, Michael T. Wharmby, Stuart R. Miller, Yang Li, Philip Lightfoot and Paul A. Wright

Page 2769

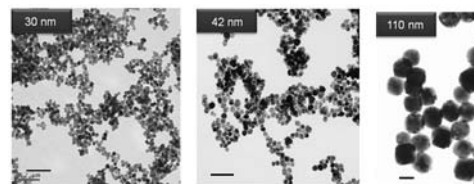


The lanthanides La, Ce and Nd give a family of metal organic frameworks based on N,N' -piperazinebismethylenephosphonate ligands: these display reversible dehydration, structural flexibility and cation exchange.

Magnetic nanoparticles for power absorption: Optimizing size, shape and magnetic properties

M.A. Gonzalez-Fernandez, T.E. Torres, M. Andrés-Vergés, R. Costo, P. de la Presa, C.J. Serna, M.P. Morales, C. Marquina, M.R. Ibarra and G.F. Goya

Page 2779

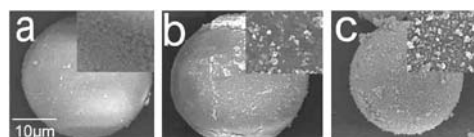


The magnetic properties of Fe_3O_4 nanoparticles from 5 to 110 nm are presented, and their efficiency as heating agents discussed as a function of particle size, shape and surface functionalization.

Synthesis and visible light photocatalysis of Fe-doped TiO_2 mesoporous layers deposited on hollow glass microbeads

Lifeng Cui, Yuansheng Wang, Mutong Niu, Guoxin Chen and Yao Cheng

Page 2785

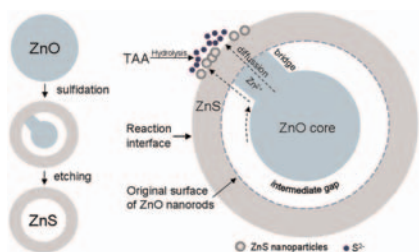


Nano-composite of Fe-doped anatase TiO_2 nanocrystals loaded on the hollow glass microbeads was prepared by co-thermal hydrolysis deposition. Photodegradation of the methyl orange was achieved under visible light irradiation, revealing the potential applicability of such nano-composite in some industry fields.

Continued

Rational synthetic strategy: From ZnO nanorods to ZnS nanotubes

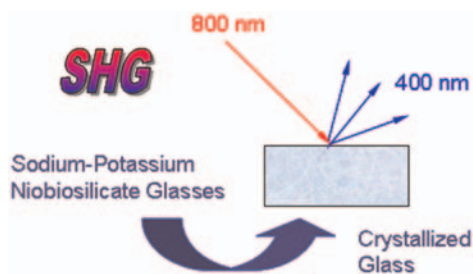
Ran Yi, Guanzhou Qiu and Xiaohe Liu
Page 2791



ZnS nanotubes can be successfully synthesized via a facile conversion process from ZnO nanorods precursors. The photoluminescence (PL) characterization shows much enhanced PL emission of tubular ZnO/ZnS core/shell nanocomposites.

Crystallization and second harmonic generation in potassium–sodium niobosilicate glasses

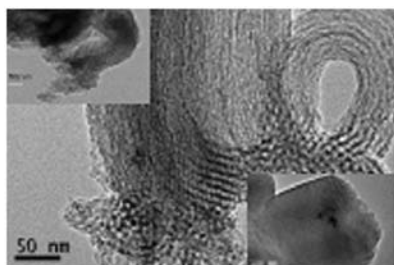
Antonio Aronne, Esther Fanelli, Pasquale Pernice, Simone Peli, Claudio Giannetti and Gabriele Ferrini
Page 2796



Synthesis of glasses $(23-x)K_2O \cdot xNa_2O \cdot 27Nb_2O_5 \cdot 50SiO_2$ ($x=0, 5, 10, 15$ and 23) from which SHG active phases crystallize by bulk nucleation for non-linear optical nanostructured glasses.

In-situ oxidation of block copolymer for producing copper oxalate or copper oxide nanowires in mesoporous channels

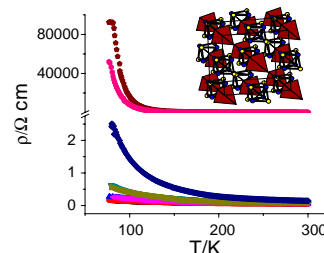
Jiang Li, AiGuo Kong, WenJuan Wang, XinHua Zhao, Fan Yang and YongKui Shan
Page 2801



Copper oxalate or copper oxide nanowires embedded in the nanoscale channels of mesoporous SBA-15 are created by in-situ oxidation of block polymer template materials, which show the good electrochemical hydrogen storage ability.

Compositional control of electrical transport properties in the new series of defect thiospinels, $Ga_{1-x}Ge_xV_4S_{8-\delta}$ ($0 \leq x \leq 1$)

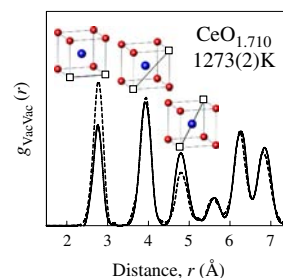
Iwona Szkoda, Paz Vaqueiro, Andrew McDowall, Anthony V. Powell and Clemens Ritter
Page 2806



Chemical substitution and sulfur non-stoichiometry produce dramatic changes in the transport properties of defect thiospinels $Ga_{1-x}Ge_xV_4S_{8-\delta}$.

Oxygen vacancy ordering within anion-deficient Ceria

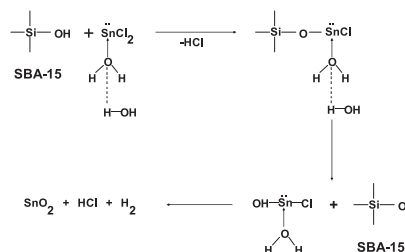
S. Hull, S.T. Norberg, I. Ahmed, S.G. Eriksson, D. Marrocchelli and P.A. Madden
Page 2815



Partial radial distribution function for oxygen vacancies within $CeO_{1.710}$ at 1273 K (solid line) showing the increased tendency for local ordering in $\langle 111 \rangle$ directions compared to a random distribution (dashed line).

Mechanism for the formation of tin oxide nanoparticles and nanowires inside the mesopores of SBA-15

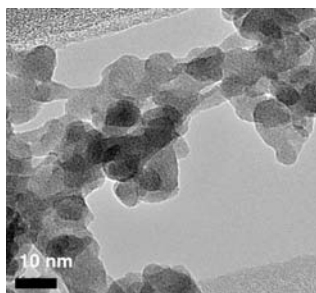
G. Satishkumar, L. Titelman and M.V. Landau
Page 2822



The mechanism of formation of polycrystalline tin oxide nanoparticles (NP) and nanowires was investigated using nanocasting approach included solid-liquid strategy for insertion of $SnCl_2$ precursor and SBA-15 silica as a hard template. It was found that the structure silanols of silica matrix play a vital role in creating the tin oxide NP during thermal treatment.

Flash microwave synthesis and sintering of nanosized $\text{La}_{0.75}\text{Sr}_{0.25}\text{Cr}_{0.93}\text{Ru}_{0.07}\text{O}_{3-\delta}$ for fuel cell application

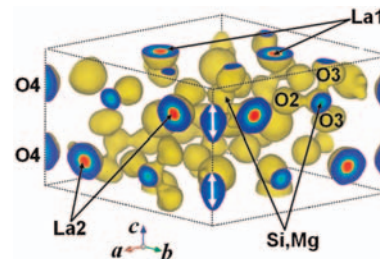
L. Combemale, G. Caboche and D. Stuerge
Page 2829



TEM photograph of $\text{La}_{0.75}\text{Sr}_{0.25}\text{Cr}_{0.93}\text{Ru}_{0.07}\text{O}_{3-\delta}$ obtained by microwave flash synthesis. This picture confirms the nanometric size of the ceramic particles.

Crystal structure and electron density in the apatite-type ionic conductor $\text{La}_{9.71}(\text{Si}_{5.81}\text{Mg}_{0.18})\text{O}_{26.37}$

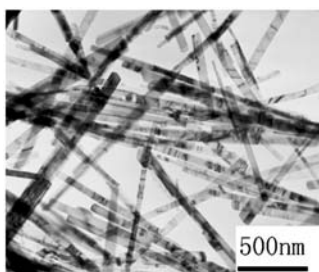
Roushown Ali, Masatomo Yashima,
Yoshitaka Matsushita, Hideki Yoshioka and Fujio Izumi
Page 2846



Equielectron density surfaces at 1.0 \AA^{-3} of apatite-type $\text{La}_{9.71}(\text{Si}_{5.81}\text{Mg}_{0.18})\text{O}_{26.37}$ at 302 K. O4 atoms have large distribution along the $\langle 001 \rangle$ direction (white arrows).

The character of W-doped one-dimensional VO_2 (M)

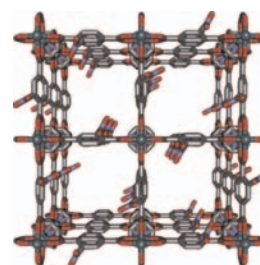
Jing Li, Chun-yan Liu and Li-juan Mao
Page 2835



One-dimensional W-doped VO_2 (M) solid solutions with a various doped content were synthesized under hydrothermal condition and subsequent calcination. The physical-chemical and phase transformation character were explored, subsequently.

Syntheses, crystal structures, and water adsorption behaviors of jungle-gym-type porous coordination polymers containing nitro moieties

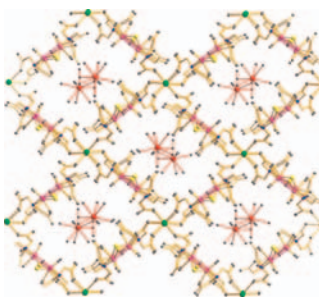
Kazuhiro Uemura, Fumiaki Onishi, Yukari Yamasaki and Hidetoshi Kita
Page 2852



Two hydrophilic porous coordination polymers, $[\text{Zn}_2(\text{bdc-NO}_2)_2(\text{dabco})]_n$ (2, bdc-NO_2 = nitroterephthalate, dabco = 1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane) and $[\text{Zn}_2(\text{bdc}(\text{NO}_2)_2)_2(\text{dabco})]_n$ (3, $\text{bdc}(\text{NO}_2)_2$ = 2,5-dinitroterephthalate), have been synthesized and characterized by single X-ray analyses, thermal gravimetry, and adsorption measurements.

Lanthanide (III) addition of $[\text{Mo}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}(\text{HNTA})_2]^{2-}$ ($\text{Ln} = \text{Eu, Dy}$)

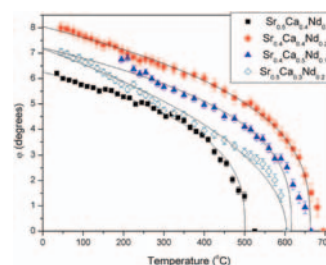
Zhen-Hua Dang, Si Mou and Li Xu
Page 2840



The reactions of LnCl_3 and $\text{Na}_2[\text{Mo}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}(\text{HNTA})_2]$ result in the 3-D open framework of $\text{Na}[\text{Mo}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}(\text{HNTA})_2]$ templated by $\text{Eu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3^+$ (1) and the pentanuclear heterometallic cluster $\text{Na}\{(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6\text{Dy}[\text{Mo}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}(\text{HNTA})_2]_2\}$ (2) as a consequence of lanthanide contraction.

Structural characterisation of the perovskite series $\text{Sr}_x\text{Ca}_{1-x-y}\text{Nd}_y\text{MnO}_3$: Influence of the Jahn-Teller effect

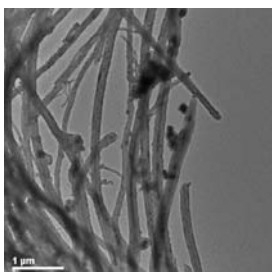
Brendan J. Kennedy, Paul J. Saines, Jimmy Ting, Qingdi Zhou and Justin A. Kimpton
Page 2858



Structural studies of oxides of the type $\text{Sr}_x\text{Ca}_{1-x-y}\text{Nd}_y\text{MnO}_3$ series illustrate the continuous removal of the octahedral tilting, despite the loss of orbital ordering.

Utilization of iron oxide film obtained by CVD process as catalyst to carbon nanotubes growth

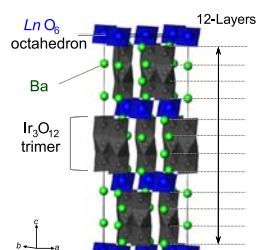
Mariane C. Schnitzler and Aldo J.G. Zarbin
Page 2867



Thin films of Fe_2O_3 were obtained on silica glass substrates through the thermal decomposition of ferrocene in air, and subsequently used as catalyst on the growth of carbon nanotubes.

Synthesis and magnetic properties of 12L-perovskites $\text{Ba}_4\text{LnIr}_3\text{O}_{12}$ (Ln = lanthanides)

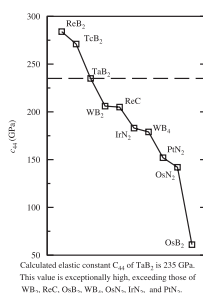
Yuki Shimoda, Yoshihiro Doi, Makoto Wakeshima and Yukio Hinatsu
Page 2873



New quadruple perovskite oxides $\text{Ba}_4\text{LnIr}_3\text{O}_{12}$ were prepared and they form the perovskite-type structure with 12 layers, in which Ir_3O_{12} trimers and LnO_6 octahedra are alternately linked by corner-sharing. For $\text{Ln} = \text{Ce}, \text{Pr},$ and Tb compounds, an antiferromagnetic transition was observed at 10.5, 35, and 16 K, respectively.

Structural, mechanical, and electronic properties of TaB_2 , TaB , IrB_2 , and IrB : First-principle calculations

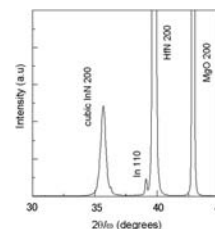
Wen Jie Zhao and Yuan Xu Wang
Page 2880



Elastic constant c_{44} of TaB_2 is calculated to be 235 GPa. This value is exceptionally high, exceeding those of WB_2 , OsB_2 , WB_4 , OsN_2 , IrN_2 , and PtN_2 .

Epitaxial growth of high purity cubic InN films on MgO substrates using HfN buffer layers by pulsed laser deposition

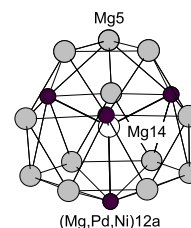
R. Ohba, J. Ohta, K. Shimamoto, T. Fujii, K. Okamoto, A. Aoyama, T. Nakano, A. Kobayashi, H. Fujioka and M. Oshima
Page 2887



Cubic InN films have been grown on MgO substrates with HfN buffer layers by pulsed laser deposition (PLD). It has been revealed that the phase purity of the cubic InN films was as high as 99 %, which can be attributed to the use of HfN buffer layers and the enhanced surface migration of the film precursors by the use of PLD.

Crystal structure and hydrogenation properties of pseudo-binary $\text{Mg}_6\text{Pd}_{0.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}$ complex metallic alloy

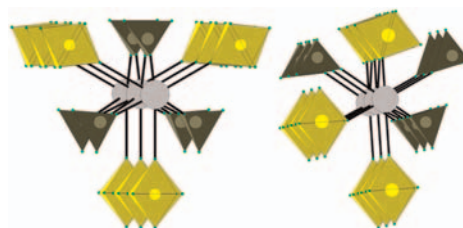
F. Cuevas, J.F. Fernández, J.R. Ares, F. Leardini and M. Latroche
Page 2890



Coordination polyhedron around site Mg14 in pseudobinary $\text{Mg}_6(\text{Pd},\text{Ni})$ compounds.

Syntheses, crystal structures and Raman spectra of $\text{Ba}(\text{BF}_4)(\text{PF}_6)$, $\text{Ba}(\text{BF}_4)(\text{AsF}_6)$ and $\text{Ba}_2(\text{BF}_4)_2(\text{AsF}_6)(\text{H}_3\text{F}_4)$; the first examples of metal salts containing simultaneously tetrahedral BF_4^- and octahedral AF_6^- anions

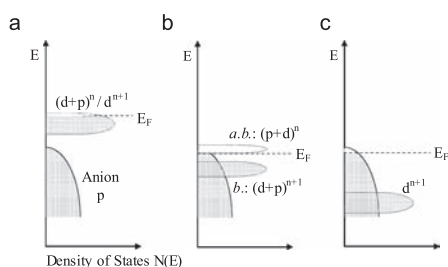
Matic Lozinšek, Tina Bunič, Evgeny Goreschnik, Anton Meden, Melita Tramšek, Gašper Tavčar and Boris Žemva
Page 2897



The first three compounds, containing simultaneously tetrahedral BF_4^- and octahedral AF_6^- ($A = \text{P}, \text{As}$) anions have been synthesized and characterized by Raman spectroscopy and X-ray single crystal diffraction. In the system $\text{BaF}_2/\text{BF}_3/\text{PF}_5/\text{anhydrous hydrogen fluoride (aHF)}$ the compound $\text{Ba}(\text{BF}_4)(\text{PF}_6)$ was isolated. In the analogous system with AsF_5 instead of PF_5 the compound $\text{Ba}(\text{BF}_4)(\text{AsF}_6)$ was obtained. When the system $\text{BaF}_2/\text{BF}_3/\text{AsF}_5/\text{aHF}$ is made basic with an extra addition of BaF_2 , the compound $\text{Ba}_2(\text{BF}_4)_2(\text{AsF}_6)(\text{H}_3\text{F}_4)$ was prepared.

Locating redox couples in the layered sulfides with application to $\text{Cu}[\text{Cr}_2\text{S}_4]$

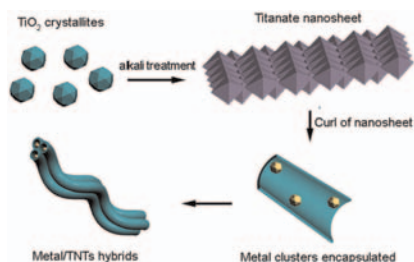
John B. Goodenough and Youngsik Kim
Page 2904



Schematic representation of a slightly oxidized redox couple as it passes through the top of the anion-*p* bands: (a) itinerant versus polaronic character of hole states of couple on the approach to the top of anion-*p* band, (b) pinned couple with predominantly antibonding (*a.b.*) anion-*p* hole states and predominantly cation-*d* bonding (*b.*) states, (c) couple too far below top of anion-*p* band for significant cation-*d* character in hole states.

One-pot, high-yield synthesis of titanate nanotube bundles decorated by Pd (Au) clusters for stable electrooxidation of methanol

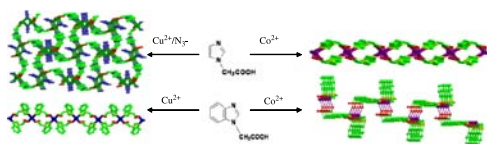
Xiudong Xue, Li Gu, Xuebo Cao, Yingying Song, Lianwen Zhu and Peng Chen
Page 2912



Titanate/Au and titanate/Pd nanotube bundles have been fabricated by taking advantage of the unique scrolling growth mechanism of titanate tubes. The titanate/Pd hybrids show stable catalytic effects toward the electrooxidation of methanol.

Metal-organic coordination architectures of azole heterocycle ligands bearing acetic acid groups: Synthesis, structure and magnetic properties

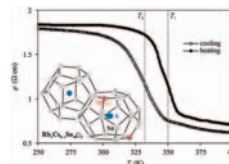
Bo-Wen Hu, Jiong-Peng Zhao, Qian Yang, Tong-Liang Hu, Wen-Ping Du and Xian-He Bu
Page 2918



The synthesis, crystal structure, and magnetic properties of the new coordination complexes with azole heterocycle ligands bearing acetic acid groups are reported.

Investigation of substitution effects and the phase transition in type-I clathrates $\text{Rb}_x\text{Cs}_{8-x}\text{Sn}_{44}\square_2$ ($1.3 \leq x \leq 2.1$) using single-crystal X-ray diffraction, Raman spectroscopy, heat capacity and electrical resistivity measurements

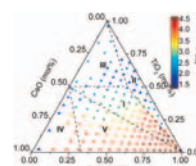
Andreas Kaltzoglou, Thomas F. Fässler, Christian Gold, Ernst-Wilhelm Scheidt, Wolfgang Scherer, Tetsuji Kume and Hiroyasu Shimizu
Page 2924



The effects of substitution of cations in the type-I clathrates $\text{Rb}_x\text{Cs}_{8-x}\text{Sn}_{44}$ ($1.3 \leq x \leq 2.1$) are reported. The distribution of the guests in the Sn cages under different reaction stoichiometries and annealing times is studied by X-ray diffraction. A structural phase transition in $\text{Rb}_{1.4}\text{Cs}_{6.6}\text{Sn}_{44}$ at 333–363 K affects significantly the electrical resistivity and heat capacity.

Giant dielectric constant response of the composites in ternary system $\text{CuO-TiO}_2\text{-CaO}$

Michael Veith, Shuhua Ren, Matthias Wittmar and Henning Bolz
Page 2930

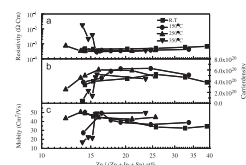


In the ternary system, $\text{CuO-TiO}_2\text{-CaO}$, a giant dielectric constant (ϵ_r) above 10^4 (red color) was observed in most of the composites sintered at only 950 °C in the CuO-rich region. Dashed lines show the phase boundaries.

Rapid Communications

Effects of substrate temperature on properties of ITO-ZnO composition spread films fabricated by combinatorial RF magnetron sputtering

Gi-Seok Heo, In-Gi Gim, Jong-Woon Park, Kwang-Young Kim and Tae-Won Kim
Page 2937

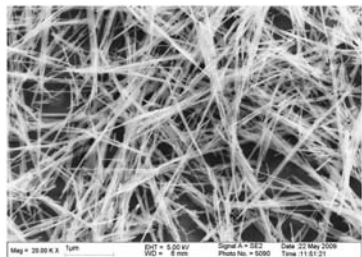


The effects of substrate temperature on properties of ITO-ZnO films were investigated by using combinatorial RF magnetron sputtering. The amorphous ITO-ZnO film had lower resistivity than polycrystalline films. The minimum resistivity of $3.0 \times 10^{-4} \Omega \text{ cm}$ was obtained with the substrate temperature of 250 °C and the zinc contents of 16.0 at%. The electronic states of ITO-ZnO were discussed with related to the formation of transparent amorphous oxide semiconductor (TAOS).

Synthesis of uniform CdS nanowires in high yield and its single nanowire electrical property

Shancheng Yan, Litao Sun, Peng Qu, Ningping Huang, Yinchen Song and Zhongdang Xiao

Page 2941



Large-scale high quality CdS nanowires (NWs) with uniform diameter were synthesized by using a rapid and simple solvothermal route. The reaction time is reduced to 2 h, comparing to other synthesis which needed long reaction time up to 12 h. In addition, the as-prepared CdS nanowires have more uniform diameter and high yield. More importantly, the I - V curve of present single CdS nanowire has a good symmetric characteristic as expected by the theory.

Corrigendums

Corrigendum to: “High-pressure structural behavior and equation of state of NaZnF₃” [Journal of Solid State Chemistry 182 (2009) 1545–1549]

Sergey Yakovlev, Maxim Avdeev, Eran Sterer, Yaron Greenberg and Mohamed Mezouar

Page 2946

Corrigendum to “Synthesis, crystal structure and characterization of iron pyroborate (Fe₂B₂O₅) single crystals” [J. Solid State Chem. 182 (2009) 2004–2009]

Tetsuya Kawano, Haruhiko Morito, Takahiro Yamada, Takeyoshi Onuma, Shigefusa F. Chichibu and Hisanori Yamane

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